(b) to (d) The proposal for reducing the prices of ceiling packs of formula tions based on above mentioned drugs were approved in July, 1989. The notifications reducing the prices of formulations of Amoxycillin Trihydrate and Ampicillin Trihydrate/ Ampicillin Anhydrous were issued on 7.11.1989 and 7.1.1991 respectvely. The details of revised prices are given in the Government notifications No. S.O. 931(E) dated 7.11.1989 and S.O. 7(E) dated 7.1. 1991 published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary No. Part II Section 3(ii) respectively. These are ceilling prices and are not company specific. A large number of

1898. SHRI ANANT RAM JAISWAL- companies are engaged in the production) of formulations based on these drugs.

Ratification of Paris Convention on Drugs by India

1892. SHRI ANANT RAM JAIS"-WAL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to sign the Paris Convention on patents the negotiations of which are in progress;

(b) what are the provisions/contents of the treaty; and

(c) whether Government have analysed the repercussions of the treaty on the indigenous pharmaceutical industry as well as on the prices of essential drugs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) to (c) Government have not yet taken a decision on joining the Paris Convention. The repercussions on the indigenous pharmaceutical industry as well as on the prices of essential drugs would depend on the decision of the Government on various provisions of the treaty and consequential changes, if any, in the Indian Patents Act, 1970.

Basic production of bulk drugs

1893. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to the answer to UnStarred Question No. 1985 given in the Rajya Sabha on 11th March, 1993 and to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that due to custom duty concessions basic production of bulk drugs has not been commenced;

(b) what are the names of drugs and companies falling under such situation;

(c) whether it is a fact that on the other hand drug industry has profiteered and more foreign exchange has gone out;

(d) whether it is also a fact that no benefit to the consumer has been passed on during the past two years;

(e) what are the names of drugs where prices have been reduced; and

(f) if not, what steps are being taken in this direction?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS AND FERTILIZERS (SHRI EDUARDO FALEIRO): (a) to (f) The purpose of giving custom duty concessions on intermediates and bulk drugs is to encourage the manufacture of bulk drugs and formulations from more basic stages, and also to ensure the availability of medicines in abundant quantity and at reasonable prices to the consumers.

There are 143 bulk drugs, and their formulations, under price control, which represent about 70 per cent of the total market. The prices of these drugs are fixed/revised from time to time in accordance with the procedures and norms laid down under DPCO, 1987. Whenever there are custom duty concessions on drug intermediates, their revised prices, after taking due cognizance of concessions allowed, are taken into account for fixing/ revising the prices of bulk drugs and sub-sequently prices of formulations based on these drugs also are revised according to the revised price of the Bulk drug.